A Short but Complete Story of the Year Told Graphically So as to Show the Meaning and Inter-relation of Events and Classified For Convenient Reference

IFE'S infinite loom spins ceaselessly the vast fabric of civilization. of which the least of us human creatures is a factor. In and under and over and through flies the great shuttle of history, while we perform the psychological marvel of being at once actor and spectator by pausing on the threshold of the new year to take a quick, sweeping glance backward at the new strands which the Great Spinner has added to the sum total of world experience since a year + + +

#### A Look at the Log Of Our Ship of State

The amazing thing is the figure we have cut in world politics. Few and far between are the nations that have not felt the pressure of American diplomacy backed by American guns and by American money. There was bankrupt Venezuela blockaded by three great European creditors. A word from Washington and Minister Bowen was able to get the whole matter adjusted by arbitration. The Russian bear barred the Manchurian gateway to China until an American diplomat led the way to an open door. Our voice of protest against persecution of Jews in Russia was heard. '.'he prestige of the United States in the Mediterranean was enhanced by the presence of ships at Beirut and the sending of Skinner to Abyssinia; England came closer to us in the Alaskan boundary concession through arbitration. Finally in fulfillment of a great responsibility, however opinions differ as to the method, the Roosevelt administration paved the way for the isthmian canal project by extending the helping hand to the new republic of Panama after Colombia had let the Hay-Herran treaty, which was signed at Washington in February, die



by failing to ratify in time. We continued our general supervision of Central Amerfean and West Indian neighbors. Chile acknowledged the Monroe doctrine, being the first South American country to do so. . . The features of the internal policy of

the administration were the effort to check trusts through the enactment of the Elkins law, the effort to expose and punish corruption discovered in nearly every department, chiefly in the postal service; the insistence on the recogni- | has drawn France tion of negroes in official appointments, and Italy closer in the open shop declaration in response to labor's challenge in the Miller case at the government printing office, Cuban reciprocity at 20 per cent off the Dingley rates, the reorganization of the army under a general staff and the unifying of the state militia. For the thoroughness of the postal exposures credit is due to Mr. Bristow. Other important acts at the closing session of the Fifty-seventh congress were for free trade in coal, for Philippine government, antianarchy, creating the department of commerce and labor and appropriating a total of \$1,554,108,514 for the two years. The ship subsidy bill failed, and the statehood deadlock in the senate went over to the present session on a compromise. It was under the Spooner act that the treaty with Colombia was made. The Fiftyeighth congress, summoned in extra session for the confirmation of the Cuban treaty, started in with new house leaders, Cannon being chosen speaker, while Williams of Mississippi took command of the minority and scored by not opposing the

Cuban treaty. . . . Around both the foreign and internal pol-Icles thus outlined the party alignments were begun in anticipation of the national campaign of 1904. Already it was clear that the south was made more solidly Demo-

J. S. Williams. cratic by its view of

the negro recognition policy, and the epposition took advantage of the postal scandal to begin the cry, "Turn the ants March 12, but the massacre of rascals out!" The state elections in Jews at Kishineff in May and their November made new changes in the persecution in other places with official political map. Tammany captured New York city, Hanna overwhelmed Johnson in Ohio, giving new inspira- increased restriction of liberty in Fintion to the Hanna boom, while Gorman made good in Maryland. Through the rell, Gorman, Harrison, Hearst, John-

were retirement of General Miles, dedication of War college at Washington. appointment of Day to supreme court resignation of Secretary of War Root. successful test of world's largest gun. launching of largest battleship, the Pennsylvania; appointment of Cortel you secretary of commerce and labor, ordered deportation of Auarchist Tur ner, nomination of Brigadier General Wood to be major general, and women inspectors of immigrants. \* \* \* The noby the court of appeals against Northern Securities merger, the circuit court at Beirut and the reported killing of the bia university by the munificence of Jo in Minnesota deciding that the merger was not in violation of interstate commerce law; by the supreme court upbolding the Kansas eight hour law and declaring mental science healing legal. The most notable criminal trials were those of Tillman, acquitted of charge of murder of Gonzales; death sentence for Caleb Powers on third trial for connection with Goebel murder, death sentence for Jett as murderer of Marcum in Kentucky feud; electrocution of the three Van Wormer boys.

#### POLITICAL CRISES IN OTHER LANDS

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face to face with an economic revolu- to endanger his life and reign. \* \* \* tion that rocks her very foundations The futherland has suffered an acute through one tenacious and magnetic industrial depression. personality-that of Joseph Chamber-

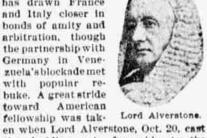


Jos. Chamberlain.

ty. Later, in Septem ing classes. ber, he decided to go it alone, and the Balfour cabinet went to pieces, though again patched up for a time with nondescript material, Balfour himself taking a moderate course for retaliatory tariff and the free trade warhorses snorting in opposition alignment. . . . At the same time an internal sore of long standing was healed in the his-toric passage of the Irish land purchase bill July 21, piloted by Redmond and Wyndham and sealed by the royal journey through Ireland. \* \* \* England has exerted a new power through the

policy of a protec-

diplomatic personality of King Edward, who in a series of royal visiting bonds of amity and arbitration, though the partnership with Germany in Venezuela's blockade met with popular rebuke. A great stride



the deciding vote favorably to the American boundary claim in Alaska and swept away with a stroke of his pen that ever threatening casus belli. \* \* \* England is believed to have disappointed Japan by a neutral attitude toward Russian aggression in China. while India's year, started with the splendors of the durbar, ends in a new military movement against the hermit realm of Tibet, also coveted by Russia. \* \* \* Australia granted full woman suffrage, restrained government railroad strike and rejected the arbitration bill. . . . Canada had an era of industrial growth; was bitter over Alaskan award. \* \* \* South Africa placed under 10 per cent reciprocity. First Transvaal parliament opened in May. . . . British captured Kano.

RUSSIA in all her vastness and power has pressed remorselessly toward her goal in the far east while checking with an iron hand the internal revolutionary propaganda of socialism and organized labor. Disregarding all promises by the failure to evacuate Manchuria, the government of Czar Nicholas stood dishonored in the pillory of world opinion. \* \* \* Great hopes were raised by the czar's manifesto of religious freedom and liberty for peasconnivance went far to discredit that great proclamation. The continued and land did not improve this impression.

THE ORIENT, take it all in all, has year the Democrats were engaged in a had the front and center of the interstill hunt for presidential timber. The national stage most of the year. From Cleveland movement gained considera- the newspaper man's standpoint it ble headway in the east until the ex- would make a rather funny, zigzag president formally denied his candi- record suggestive of the famous gendacy. The Bryan faction scoffed at the eral who marched his army up the hill suggestion while considering Folk of and marched it down again-Manchu-Missouri, Parker of New York, Cock- Pia in this case substituted for the hill. But the Russians never budged. They son, Garvin of Rhode Island and oth- rushed more troops thither, and on vaers, but could agree on none. \* \* \* | rious flimsy pretexts tightened their Vermont and New Hampshire aban- grip by reoccupying Mukden and Haidoned prohibition. Kansas and New cheng and by scaring Japan into fever-Hampshire rejected woman suffrage. Ish war preparations by land and sea Many states worked for direct election | mobilization near Korea. War was exof senators. Pennsylvania adopted the pected almost daily for months. \* \* \* press muzzler, but could not enforce The one bright spot in the oriental year is . . Other notable executive acts | was the success of American and Brit-

of comparative peace and commercial ladrones and Moros. \* \* \* Thirty years' war in Sumatra ended with Dutch cou-

THE NEAR EAST has been the plague spot of the year, a chamber of borrors that hangs heavy on the conscience of Europe and of all Christendom. Whatever the technical merits of the Macedonian controversy, the revolt of the Christian inhabitants was checked with such a horde of murderous Turkish flends as to cause even England and especially of the United currents of Russian and Austrian diplo- States. It applies from primary grade macy basten to stay the sultan's hand. to graduate university work. The most Unwillingly he has at last accepted vir-American consul, Magelssen, brought American warships into Turkish waters with salutary results. \* \* \* Bulgaria checked her anti-Turkish sentiments for the time, having appealed to the powers in vain. . . Servia went clear to the foot of the class by her popular acceptance of the army's deliberate murder, June 10, of King Alexander and Queen Draga and substitution of King Peter on her blood stained throne a month later. \* \* \* The Austro-Hungarian union continued to hang by a thread.

GERMANY'S monarchical institutions suffered a shock in the electoral success of the Social Democrats, who polled a vote of 3,000,000 and gained many seats in the reichstag. \* \* \* The operation on the kaiser's throat was GREAT BRITAIN has been brought believed to be for inciplent cancer and

FRANCE pursued undeviatingly her lain. It was after republican programme against the govthe popular ovation ernment authorization of the religious for his Boer settling orders and schools, causing a sharp trip last spring that alignment on the question of the septhe colonial secre- aration of church and state. \* \* \* Distary proclaimed his ciplined Morocco. \* \* \* Tried and convicted the Humbert swindlers. \* tive tariff on food Reopened Dreyfus case

ITALY AND GREECE experienced no decisive political changes other than the growth of socialism among labor-

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL encountered serious revolutionary outbreaks and labor disturbances. Villader succeeded Silvela as Spanish premier.

LATIN AMERICA'S story, omitting the inconsequent rebellions, has just cate a religious spirit and seriously four important chapters. \* \* \* Venezuela went into international bankruptcy by defying the warship-backed collectors of three European creditor nations-Germany, England and Italy. These pounced down on Castro and blockaded his rocky coast until be got the American minister, Bowen, to help him fix up the special arbitration courts and to get the preferential treat ment decided at The Hague court. Result was scating down of claims from \$22,000,000 to \$2,000,000, while Castro captured Bolivar and crushed the rebellion. • • • Brazil and Bolivia compromised their dispute over the rubber forests of Acre by giving title to the former on condition of the latter's having outlet to Atlantic by river and rail. \* \* Santo Domingo went through the fire and sword melodrama twice, first bowing to General Wos y Gil in April and seven months later being battered into submission to former rulers, Morales, Jiminez and Vasquez. \* \* \* Colombia, through her failure to meet the American canal proposition half way, lost the whole pudding in the opera bouffe revolution of Panama under the guns of Uncle Sam's ships, making a live issue as the old year goes to press. • • Cuba accepted American reciprocity. . . Mexico paid the plous claim. . . Chile and Argentina were peaceful and prosper

## STRIDES TAKEN TOWARD CHURCH UNITY

. . .

The mills of God, which grind slow but exceeding fine, have brought into use lenses of vision powerful enough to conceive the ultimate goal of universal religious unity for the human race. This lofty aspiration was realized in some measure when the death of Pope Leo, July 20, caused a universal wave of recognition and appreciation of his personal character to seek expression regardless of the barriers between Protestant and Catholic. Again this note of a wider Christian unity

was struck in the appeal of the Episcopal bishops' congress at Washington for greater charity toward their brothers of the Roman faith, and when a great movement for the federation of all Protestant churches was def-

initely started. Par-Pope Plus X. was the progress made toward a federation of Congregationalists, Methodist the several varieties of Presbyterians munion. In all this the forces of liberalism have been necessarily domia greater participation in the social the true remedies for the waning pow-

ish diplomats in getting treaties with somality and policy of Pius X., Leo's China actually signed for the opening successor, place the Catholic church of certain Manchurian ports to world in line with these tendencies. The oth-These would have to be recog- er points of general interest were the nized by Russia in event of her con-quest of Manchuria. \* \* \* Japan and final approval of Presbyterian creed China have come closer in view of their revision, celebration of Wesley's two common danger, \* \* \* Boxer uprising bundredth anniversary, the death of was suppressed, \* \* \* Japanese lan- Archbishop Temple of England, sucguage was adopted in the Chinese unl- ceeded by Davidson; completion of versities. Nevertheless the Chinese Methodist \$20,000,000 thank offering. government reacted against the reform | epectneular New York crusade of Dow element, whose editors were punished.

• \* The 'hilippines enjoyed an era Battle Creek by Adventists, erection of \$1,000,000 church at New York by growth with only sporadic lighting by Christian Scientists and the united church war on divorce.

#### Schools Becoming More and More Practical

One word epitomizes the year's ed ucational effort and aspiration-practi cality. This is true of Germany, France. impressive instance in our own coun-

seph Pulitzer, editor of the New York World. The teaching of practical journalism was begun also at the Kansas univer-In many colleges for women new courses in domestic science were started. At Yale and elsewhere

insurance was taught. and at Chicago a new Joreph Pulitzer. department was de-

voted to elaborate courses in fire protection. Forestry was taken up at Cal-Ifornia, cattle killing at Iowa and gardening at Columbia. Western Reserve started a school for librarians. Missouri had a traveling school of farm work. Columbia established a chair of Chinese. Southern schools gave increased attention to actual gardening, both for training and support. Traveling medical university for country doc tors in Germany. Throughout the north more attention was paid to manual training and kindergarten work. Charles M. Schwab began the establishment of a series of trade schools. \* \* \* There was a continuance of the era of expansion, the enrollment of students in public and private schools and colleges rising to new records, and the total of benefactions running into the tens of millions. Throughout this country a concerted effort was made by teachers In public schools to secure higher salaries. . . . Nevertheless prominent churchmen, notably Cardinal Gibbons and Dr. Greer, began a vigorous assault on our educational foundations because of the failure of the schools to inculproposed to reorganize by letting the churches take their proportionate share

+ + + The Efforts and

of the schools and operate them.

Achievements of Science

What does the world know that it didn't know a year ago? The year was et young when the realm of science was astounded and the whole civilized world interested by the achievement of a woman, Mme, Curie, working in assoclation with her husband, Professor Curie, in France. It is still too soon to attempt any final estimate of the scientific value of the new element, radium, thus identified. The greatest scientists are yet perplexed by its apparent contradictions and miraculous powers. To the layman it is known as a substance separated chemically in very small quantities by the reduction of a large amount of uranium, which is the waste product of the oxide works in Austria. Its most striking property, for which it was named, is the capacity to radiate



taneously into hellum, suggesting the possibility of the transmutation of metals. \* \* \* Other women figured notably in scientific achievement. Dr. Florence R. Sabin of the Johns Hopkins faculty received the \$1,000 prize for the most original work throwing light on the mysteries of the lymphatic system. Mrs. Workman, in company with Dr. W. H. Workman, made new world's record for mountain climbing, getting 23,656 feet high in Himalayas. \* \* Dr. Charles Barrows of New York announced the success of formalin as a cure for blood poison. From all quarters came news of successful serum cures, such as Dunbar's bay fever. Tizoni's pneumonia, Aronson's scarlet fever. Fletcher's cholera infantum and a number for tuberculosis. The microbes of sleeping sickness, hydrophobia and smallpox were identified. Carbolic acid and the salts of chloride and potassium were used sucallel with this effort | cessfully in lockjaw cases. Professor Hatai of Chicago discovered a food called lecithin, producing rapid growth Protestants and United Brethren, while of animal tissue. \* \* New mercury are light and static converter were perhave cleared the ground for one com- fected by Steinmetz and Hewitt. Professor Bedell of Cornell sent alternating and direct electric currents simulnant, with an insistence on practical taneously. German government made mission work at home and abroad and new world's trolley speed record of 1301/2 miles an hour. Professor Goodspeed of and political problems of the day as Philadelphia photographed from human body's radiations. Ruhmer, in Gerer of the church. The democratic per- many, made wireless telegraphy capa-

ble of secrecy. Messter exhibited combination talking and moving pictures. . . . Many airship experiments were made, the most successful being those of the Lebaudy brothers of Paris, who made a new speed record of forty-four miles in 100 minutes; Dr. Greth, who sailed over San Francisco; Stanley Spencer at London, and Benbow, who used a new system of automatic steering and balancing near Syracuse, N. Y. Professor Langley's man-carrying aerodrome, built under government auspices, was tried on the Potomac, near Washington, and proved a complete failure under existing conditions. \* \* \* Pickering of Harvard discredited the long accepted Franz theory of moon craters. Professor Dugan discovered a small planet. Great spots were observed near the central meridian of the sun. Ten new stars were discovered. · · · German explorer located new land in antarctic regions. \* \* \* New gospel papyri were unearthed in Egypt. + + +

#### NEW RECORDS IN REALM OF SPORT

The great feature of the sporting year was the arrival of the two-minute trotter and better in the equine personality of Lou Dillon, the five-year-old Callfornia mare owned by C. K. G. Billings. She not only did her two-minute mile at Reedville, Mass., consled soon after by Major Delmar and bettered by Cresceus, but reclaimed her queendom at Memphis later, doing her mile

in 1:581/2. A still lower figure for pacers was made by the equally wonderful Dan Patch, who went a mile in 1:56% and half a mile in 0:56. Prince Alert paced a 1:57 mile. \* \* \* On the running turf Africander took the Suburban, Picket the American Derby, and Waterboy beat them all in the Century with

Lou Dillon one and one-half miles in 2:31 3-5. \* \* \* Reliance defended the America's cup against the third Shamrock. Cambridge outrowed Oxford. Yale outrowed Harvard, and Cornell again swept the Hudson. \* \* \* Janetzy won the auto Derby in Ireland. Old field made the mile auto record of 0:55 1-5. Rolls the kilometer in 0:26 2-5.

\* \* \* The British Doherty brothers took the Davis cup from American tennis players; Larned American champion. Vardon, British golf champion and Travis the American lender. \* \* \* Boston Americans beat Pittsburg Nationals for world's championship. Princeton, in east, and Minnesota, in west, ranked first in college football. . . . American team of marksmen took the

Paima trophy.

### Ups and Downs Of the Workaday World

Taking in sail. There, in three words, is the last analysis of the whole industrial and commercial tendency of the calendar year past. The fact is writ groes. Unquestionably the number and large over the economic face of the brutality of murders, the suicides, the world, with war and fear of war plus robberies, the arsons, the forgeries, famine in the orient and eastern Eu- the briberles, and especially the crimes rope, with western Europe struggling of the very young, like Chicago's boy desperately under trust competition bandits, have exceeded all former recand the handicaps of vast national ords. Sociologists are trying with new armaments, while young America, big zeal to find and remove the cause of and proud of new powers, pushes on. this decay, and many are tracing it to but with the white face and set teeth | the accumulation of vast fortunes and that betoken a bad case of financial the extravagance and unequal distriindigestion. This, too, in spite of a bution of opportunities. \* \* good crop year, generally speaking, leged tendency of modern society to Looking particularly at our own case, avoid the responsibility of rearing chila diagnosis will place before us vir-



scheme for employees and a number of large corporations conceded higher wages to

their employees, some voluntarily. Wall street saw a record payment of dividends and laughed at the wiseacres. It was not many weeks before added to the perplexity of the servant signals of distress began to show in curtailed dividends and public distrust. Morgan hastily returned from Europe, but even his magnetic name failed to stem the tide of downward prices when the shipbullding trust went under in June, carrying many a fair reputation in its wake. Then followed a long era of tobogganing, nearly all the standard securities dragging after Steel and the other industrials. The great war between the Pennsylvania and Gould systems had become acute over the destruction of following: Western Union poles pending litigation, and the outcome was a Rockefeller-Morgan financial duel, with victory for the man of oil. Whether due to this or to the lessening output, the price of oil has steadily advanced. Schwab was superseded by Corey as head of the steel trust. The collapse of Lake Superior and a large

number of minor failures occurred. · · · The one bright spot in the financial firmament was the high price of cotton under the influence of the Brown clique at New Orleans, which carried

David M. Parry. through successfully a worldwide corner, with millions for themselves and the south, but seriously curtailing the activity of the mills and the wages of mill operatives. When this corner still stood solid in the presence of a new crop, King Cotton ruled a rising market all along the line.

. . The tendency to vast industrial combinations which characterized preceding years continued, but with signs of abatement. Notable instances were the iron combine of the middle west, the coastwise schooner trust, complete street railway combines in New York and Baltimore, combination of largest banks in several cities, the automobile trust and the glass machine works. . . Other industrial efforts were the commercializing of wireless telegraphy and publication of first wireless papers on land and sea, President Roosevelt receiving the first wireless message from Europe; the putting into operation of the new American cable to Manila, a woman's daily paper in London, developments of long distance trolley systems, beginning of Pennsylvania tunnel under Hudson river, beginning of union station at Washington, fight against boll weevil in Texas. . . Next to watered stock, the aggressive

attitude of organized labor was be-Heved by capitalists to be responsible for the unfavorable turn in the business tide. The labor legions, flushed with their eoni strike victory. forced the fighting in every trade and industry for better pay, shorter hours



and union recognition. Mitchell setting s conservative pattern. Staggered at first by this onset, the captains of industry took up the gauntlet under the leadership of David M. Parry, the chosen head of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America, a militant combination of all the great employers. In many cities employers' associations were started. Labor's effort to rule the government printing office resulted in the president's "open shop" declaration in the Miller case. With Sam Parks and his pal in prison, the striking ironworkers fought on against a solid phalanx of builders, but unlonism was taught a lesson. A new movement was the starting of independent unions.

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#### The New Factors In the Social Equation

Society as a whole, and especially

our own country of boasted liberty within law, has been confronted with an appailing disregard of law and legal process, amounting to an epidemle of crime. This is a condition which confronts thoughtful and a respecting people, however theories ay difto defer as to its cause. And it need tailed list or statistical compila prove that it has been intensifie, 'n the twelvemonth past. It stares us. every one of the 200 or more negra lynchings plus the unspeakable crimes that inspire that extra legal, un-Christian and ineffective remedy. More than in any former year the north has such instances to answer for without the apology of an outnumbering negro mass, which the south has to deal with. This phase of the epidemic has, of course, its practical political bearings, growing out of opposition in the south to federal appointments of nedren came in for widesprend condemnatually the business bistory of the pe- tion through President Roosevelt's letriod. • • • The sails ter in commendation of Mrs. Van of prosperity and con-Vorst's "Woman Who Toils." His charfidence were still full acterization of this tendency as race set when the year 1903 | suicide was echoed by the many, though hove in sight. It was do ounced by some who regard quality in January that the of offspring as more important than biggest of trusts put quantity. . . . The increased number into operation its so of divorces, including many in so callcalled profit sharing ed high society, has stimulated afresh a concerted movement of pulpit and press for more uniform restriction of the marriage relation, though a strenuous minority sees health in utmost liberty. \* \* \* The beginning of the organization of domestic servants has problem, which has been solved by the co-operative family club.

# DEATH'S FAVORITES

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Out of all the unnumbered departures for the life beyond, the few whose eminence of work or official station made them known to all are the

Ex-Premier Sagasta of Spain; Julian Ralph, journalist; M. de Blowitz, journal-ist; Abram S. Hewitt, philanthropist; Dr. I. L. M. Curry, diplomat; Ada Ellen Bay-ey (Edna Lyall), author; Dr. Ed R. Shaw, ducator; Dr. Richard J. Gatling, inventor; Joseph Henry Shorthouse, author; Major Joseph Henry Shorthouse, and General Schuyler Hamilton; Rear Admiral Belknap; Rev. William H. Milburn, senate chaplain; Brigham Young, Mormon apostle; Hillary Bell, journalist; Richard Henry Stoddard, author; Max O'Reil, author; Asphilisho, Vaurhan primate of ther; Archbishop Vaughan, primate England; Major James B. Pond; Willia Ernest Henley, author; Pope Leo XIII.; James MacNelli Whistler, artist; Phil James MacNeill Whistier, artist; Phil May, artist; Noah Brooks, author; William E. Dodge, philanthropist; Frederick Law Olmstead, landscape gardener; Rabbl M. M. Jastrow; Gordon McKay, inventor; Samuel E. Morse, editor; Right Hon. William E. H. Lecky, author; Rear Admiral Lester A. Beardsley; Dr. Cyru Edson, physician; Professor Mommsen, historian; ex-Governor Daniel H. Hastings of Pennsylvania; Herbert Spencer, philosopher; Lord Sallsbury, premier of England; Dean Farrar of Canterbury; Paul Du Chaillu, explorer; Stuart Robson, actor; Sibyl Sanderson, singer; P. M. Arthur, chief of Locomotive Engineers; Alexander Bain, educator; Richard H. Savage, au-Bain, educator; Richard H. Savage, au-thor; Andrew H. Green, Father of Greater New York.

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(Continued on 8th page.)